机密★启用前

山东省 2024 年 10 月高等教育自学考试

英语 (二)

(课程代码 00015)

注意事项:

座号:

准考证号

- 1. 本试卷分为两部分。
- 2. 应考者必须按试题顺序在答题卡(纸)指定位置上作答,答在试卷上无效。
- 3. 涂写部分、画图部分必须使用 2B 铅笔,书写部分必须使用黑色字迹签字笔。

第一部分

一、阅读判断(第1~10题,每题1分,共10分)

下面的短文后列出了 10 个句子,请根据短文的内容对每个句子作出判断:如果该句提供的是正确信息,选择 A;如果该句提供的是错误信息,选择 B;如果该句的信息文中没有提及,选择 C。并在答题卡相应位置上将答案涂黑。

Work Is a Service

Young people may ask themselves questions like this when they apply for employment:"What are my working hours? What are my extra benefits besides wages? What holidays will I have off?"With questions like these, however, when we focus on our leisure hours instead of our working hours, we may be prevented from seeing much greater opportunity.

Good work attitudes,habits,and skills are learned through successful work experiences.Let me illustrate.On the ranch where I grew up, the cows had to be milked before dawn every day.When I was 10 years old, I would enter our barnyard where there were about 10 to 12 cows waiting for me to let them into the milking bam. My mother and father used to say out loud to the cows,"Good moming.It's good to see you!"I have to confess that as a young boy I didn't feel quite the same way toward the cows.

After each cow was milked, I poured the milk from the pail into a can. Each can weighed about 80 pounds when full. It made me stretch my young muscles as I carried them to the road for the dairy to pick up.

My father and mother quite frequently helped me with milking the cows. I remember myfather and mother continued to milk until they were in their late 80s. But father didn't milk the cows because he had to; he milked them because they needed to be milked. There is a difference. To him, these animals were not just cows - they were Big Blackie and Bossie and Sally and Betsy. He wanted them to be content. He always said that contented cows give good milk. To my father, milking cows - as unsophisticated as it may seem - was not an extra burden; it was an opportunity. Milking was not a job for him; it was a service.

This philosophy is something that helped me as I grew up. It helped me to find out that allhonest work is honorable. Within a few years I realized that routinely performing these chores actually began to give me a sense of confidence and empowerment. I took pride in my work. We control our own attitudes towards work. Self-confidence and empowerment can serve us well- in the classroom or on Wall Street.

- 1. Young people may be more concerned about leisure time when applying for jobs.
- A. True

B. False

C. Not Given

- 2. Good work attitudes, habits, and skills are learned at school.
- A. True

B. False

C. Not Given

3. Before going to school, the author had to milk all the cows in the morning.

A. True B. False

C. Not Given

4. Unlike his parents, the young boy seemed not to be glad to see the cows every morning.

A. True B. False C. Not Given

5. After each cow was milked, the author would carry the milk to the market.

rue B. False

C. Not Given

6. The author always milked the cows alone in the barnyard.

rue B. False

C. Not Given

7. To his father, milking cows was a complicated job.

A. True B. False C. Not Given

8. The author's father milked the cows because they needed to be milked.

A. True B. False C. Not Given

9. The author came to like the job of milking and took pride in it.

A. True B. False C. Not Given

10. Self-confidence and empowerment acquired at work will benefit people throughout their lives.

A. True B. False C. Not Given

二、阅读选择(第11~15题, 每题2分,共10分)

阅读下面短文,请从短文后所给各题的 4 个选项(A、B、C、D)中选出 1 个最佳选项,.并在答题卡相应位置上将该项涂黑。

Friendship and Loyalty

When the terrorist attack on September 11th caused people to flee the building, Avremel risked his own chance of escape by staying behind with his friend and colleague, Ed Beyea, who was confined to a wheelchair due to a paralysis known as quadriplegia (四肢截瘫). Both men lost their lives, but the story of Avremel's love and devotion to his friend conveys a life-giving message to all.

Avremel never married, and he shared a house with his brother and his family. He was a loving uncle to his brother's children, and he was devoted to caring for his aging parents. He was a "family man" in every sense of the word. At the same time, he had his own life, his Torah classes, his varied interests, and a job and friends to which he was characteristically devoted.

When the tragedy occurred, Avremel was age 55, and his friend, Ed Beyea, was age 42. Ed became disabled after a diving accident at age 22, but he managed to work 14 years at Blue Cross Blue Shield since his injury. Both he and Avremel were program analysts who worked on the 27th floor of the World Trade Center.

Avremel had joined the office two years after Ed was hired, and the two became very close friends. They both loved books and music - often trading books and tapes, and they both served as the special uncle of their respective families. Like Avremel, Ed had no children of his own, but he was a father figure to his two nephews after their father died. Both friends had a great sense of humor, although Ed was strong and outgoing, while Avremel was the more quiet of the pair.

On the mormning of September 11th, Ed wanted to wait until he coul be securely carried down by several rescue workers, as it was dangerous for someone with his disability to be moved. Avremel wouldn't allow his friend to wait alone when everyone else was fleeing the building, and he stayed with him.

In the days that followed, the media learned about Avremel's selfless act, and the story began to spread. President Bush, in his national prayer. <u>address</u> to the American people, referred to Avremel's act as one of the many eloquent acts of sacrifice" that were demonstrated by Americans during this crisis.

- 11. What happened to Avremel and Ed during the September 11th terrorist attaks?
- A. Avremel rescued Ed at the cost of his own life.
- B. Both Avremel and Ed gave up their chance of escape.
- C. Both Avremel and Ed were finally rescued.
- D. Avremel stayed with Ed and both lost their lives.

12. Avremel and Ed were similar in that .

A. both of them were in their 50s

B. both of them loved books and music

C. both of them were disabled

D. both lived with their brothers' families

13. Which of the following statements is true according to the passage?

A. Avremel took care of Ed's life after work.

B. Avremel liked diving when he was young.

C. Ed became disabled after a driving accident.

D. Ed was not able to get down stairs himself.

14. Why did Avremel choose to stay when others were fleeing?

A. Because he expected the rescuers to help him.

B. Because he tried to carry Ed downstairs.

C. Because he didn't want to leave Ed behind.

D. Because he found it safer to stay inside.

15. The word "address" in the last paragraph means

A. Speech B. solution C. information D. title

第二部分

三、概括段落大意和补全句子(第16~25题,每题1分,共10分)

阅读下面短文,请完成短文后的 2 项测试任务: (1) 从第 16~20 题后所给的 6 个选项中为第①~⑤段每段选择 1 个正确的小标题; (2) 从第 21~25 题后所给的 6 个选项中选择 5 个正确选项,分别完成每个句子。将答案选项写在答题卡相应的位置上。

How to Start Your Own Business

- ①Why do you want to start your own business? To have more time? To make more money? To be your own boss? To have creative control over what you love to do? Write out all of your motivating factors and prioritize them. When you see them listed, you might see a pattern in that you're just unhappy at your current job and starting your own business isn't the answer.
- ②What do you love to do? What skills and knowledge do you uniquely bring to the table? What gets you excited about your work? Keep that passion at the forefront of your business plan, your marketing strategies, and your daily routine. If you keep your passion in plain sight, you will stay focused on the purpose of your business and not solely on the logistics.
- ③ If you are starting your business locally, research your competitors. Dermine if there is room in the market for your business. What will you do differently to draw in customers? What niche market are the other businesses missing? If you are starting an Internet company, research the requirements for your own unique Web presence. Your business cannot survive without customers, so do enough research on the front end to determine if there are enough potential clients to keep your business alive.
- 4 If you have ever purchased a new home, you know that the financial obligations extend beyond the down payment and the mortgage. You have to buy furniture, trash cans, and before you know it, you ve far exceeded your financial boundaries. Do exhaustive financial planning. Plan wisely and do not assume the best about your business.
- ⑤ Seek out advice from seasoned business owners, even those in your own field. Develop relationships with people who can offer sound advice and criticism that you might not see. If there is a business owner in your community or in your network that you aspire to model, examine his or her business practices and how they handle various situations.

Task 1 16. Paragraph ① 17. Paragraph ② 18. Paragraph ③ A. passion first 19. Paragraph 4 B. business strategies 20. Paragraph ⑤ C. motivating factors D. supporting system E. identifying finance F. market research Task 2 21. It's not right to start your own business just because 22. You will focus on your business if_ 23. Your business cannot survive 24. To reduce the burden in the future, you should 25. If there is a business owner you know, you should A. you keep your passion B. you are not happy at your job now C. establish a market preference D. examine his business practices

四、填句朴文 (第 26~30 题, 每题 2 分, 共 10 分)

下面的短文有 5 处空白,短文后有 6 个句子,其中 5 个取自短文,请根据短文内容将其分别放回原有位置,以恢复文章原貌,并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。

F. without customers

E. be prepared for financial loss and seek advice

Critical Reading

Critical reading applies to non-fiction writing in which the author puts forth a position or seeks to make a statement. Critical reading is active reading. It involves more than just understanding what an author is saying. Critical reading involves questioning and evaluating what the author is saying, and forming your own opinions about what the author is saying. ___26__

Consider the context of what is written. You may be reading something that was written by an author from a different cultural context than yours. <u>27</u>. In either case, you must recognize and take into account any differences between your values and attitudes and those represented by theauthor.

Question assertions made by the author.Don't accept what is written at face value. Before accepting what is written, be certain that the author provides sufficient support for any assertions made. Look for facts, examples, and statistics that provide support. 28

Compare what is written with other written work on the subject. Look to see that what is written is consistent with what others have written about the subject. 29_

Analyze assumptions made by the author. Assumptions are whatever the author must believe is true in order to make assertions. In many cases, the author's assumptions are not directly stated. 30 . Once you identify an assumption, you must decide whether or not the assumption is valid.

- A. If there are inconsistencies, carefully evaluate the support the author provides for the inconsistencies.
- B. Or, you may be reading something written some time ago in a different time context than yours.
- C. This means you must read carefully in order to identify any assumptions.
- D. Here are the things you should do to be a critical reader.
- E. In doing this, be certain that the sources are credible.
- F. Also, look to see if the author has integrated the work of authorities.

五、填词补文(第31~40题,每题2分,共20分)

下面的短文有 10 处空白,短文后列出 12 个选项,其中 10 个取自短文,请根据短文内容将其分别放回原有位置,以恢复文章原貌,并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。

Lots of people don't dare to make mistakes. They 31 that they will be ridiculed or blamed by others. They fear that they will lose their money and belongings or be 32 a lot ofstress. But risks are 33 and they do pave the way you must tread upon towards 34. Have you ever heard of someone who achieves success 35 making any mistakes before?

So it is only natural that making mistakes in your effort to 36 your dreams is considered must, and you shouldn't worry about that as you may get a lot of advantages out of your mistakes. By making mistakes at least you then can distinguish 37 the correct and the incorrect portions of what you did. Anthony D'Angelo said: "In order to succeed you must fail, 38 you know what to do the next time", and Robert Louis Stevenson even went to the extreme as to say: "Our business in life is not to succeed, but to continue to fail in good spirits."

You needn't worry about anything 39 you keep on going by 40 learning from your mistakes and trying even harder.

A. Without	E. reach	I. unavoidable
B. Success	F. under	J. as long as
C. fear	G. content	K. so that
D. Restore	H. wisely	L. between

六、完形补文(第41~50题,每题1分,共10分)

下面的短文有 10 处空白,每处空白后的括号内有一个词,请根据短文内容将其正确的形式填入文中,以恢 复文章原貌,并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。

Money management can actually be <u>broken</u> (**break**) down into a very simple practice that even a fourth grader can do in his young life. The basic step to <u>41</u> (**be**) on your wealth path is knowing how much you <u>42</u> (**real**) do need in your life and how you can invest the rest. If you are already <u>43</u> (**work**), arange with your company to direct a predetermined amount of your payroll into a forced savings fund and then you will learn to live with the rest. <u>44</u> (**ideal**), the amount that is left for you to work with is smaller, and this particular practice is actally <u>45</u> (**all**) "learning to pay yourself first" - despite bills and other payables, you will come first.

七、短文写作(第51题,30分)

请根据所提供材料中的要求完成一篇 100 词左右的英文写作任务。将你的答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。

51. 假设你所在的社区要开办一家图书馆,请一下你对图书馆的期望。请据此写一篇作文,内容包括:图书馆对外开放时间,收藏的书籍,服务设施等。

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机密★启用前

山东省 2024 年 10 月高等教育自学考试

英语 (二) 试题答案及评分参考

(课程代码 00015)

45. called

一、阅读判断(第11~15题,每题2分,共10分)

1. A 2. B 3. C 4. A 5. B

6. B 7. B 8. A 9. A 10. A

二、阅读选择(第11~15题,每题2分,共10分)

12. B 13. D 14. C 15. A

三、概括段落大意和补全句子(第16-25题,每题1分,共10分)

16. C 17. A 18. F 19. E 20. D

22. A 23. F 24. E 25. D 21. B

四、填句补文(第26~30题,每题2分,共10分)

26. D 27. B 28. F. 29. A 30. C

五、填词补文(第31~40题,每题2分,共20分)

31. C 32. F 33. I 34. B 35. A

36. E 37. L 38. K 39. J 40. H

六、完形补文(第41~50题,每题1分,共10分)

41. being 42. really 43. working 44. Ideally

46. wasteful 47. financial 48. figure 49. accumulated 50. grow

七、短文写作(第51题,30分)

51. (略)

【评分标准】

第一档 25~30 分: 圆满完成了试题规定的任务。

- ■清楚地表达了全部内容要点。
- ■运用的语法结构和词汇能满足任务要求。
- ■语言运用较为准确、恰当。

第二档 19-24 分: 完成了试题规定的任务。

- ■清楚地表达了全部或关键内容要点。
- ■运用的语法结构和词汇能满足任务的基本要求。
- ■语言运用基本正确,虽有小错,但不影响理解。

第三档 13~18分: 基本完成了试题规定的任务。

- ■提及了关键内容要点(可能漏掉了个别内容)。
- ■运用的语法结构和词汇满足任务的最低要求。
- ■存在一些语言错误,但基本不影响理解。

第四档 7~12 分: 完成了一部分试题规定的任务。

英语(二)试题答案及评分参考

- ■遗漏或未能清楚表达内容要点。
- ■语法结构和词汇单调。

■语言错误较多,部分错误影响理解。

第五档 1~6 分:

- ■明显遗漏内容要点。
- ■语法结构和词汇极单调。
- ■语言错误很多,严重影响理解。

0分:所传达的信息或字数太少,无法评价; 所写内容与题目要求完全无关; 空白卷。

英语(二)试题答案及评分参考